## Label Reading

S erving sizes are now more consistent across product lines, stated in both household and metric measurements, and reflect the amounts people actually eat.

The list of nutrients covers those most important to the health of today's consumers, most of whom need to worry about getting too much of certain items (fat, for example), rather than too few vitamins or minerals, as in the past.

The label tells the number of calories per gram of fat, carbohydrates and protein.

## **Nutrition Facts**

Serving Size 1/4 cup (30g) Servings Per Container 7 1/2

## **AMOUNT PER SERVING**

Calories 130 Calories from Fat 45

	% Daily Value*
Total Fat 5g	8%
Saturated Fat 5g	<b>25</b> %
Cholesterol 0mg	0%
Sodium 25mg	1%
<b>Total Carbohydrate 24</b> 9	g <b>8</b> %
<b>Dietary Fiber</b> 1g	4%
Sugars 10g	
Drotoin 1a	

Protein 1g

Vitamin A	0%		Vitamin C	2%
Calcium	6%	•	Iron	0%

\* Percent Daily Values are based on a 2,000 calorie diet. Your daily values may be higher or lower depending on your calorie needs:

	Calories	2,000	2,500
Total Fat Sat Fat Cholesterol Sodium Total Carbohydrate Fiber	Less than Less than Less than Less than	65g 20g 300mg 2,400mg 300g 25g	80g 25g 300mg 2,400 mg 375g 30g

Calories per gram:

Fat 9 • Carbohydrates 4 • Protein 4

New title signals that the label contains the newly required information.

C alories from fat are now shown on the label to help consumers meet dietary guidelines that recommend people get no more than 30 percent of their calories from fat.

% Daily Value shows how a food fits into the overall daily diet.

Daily Values are also something new. S ome are maximums, as with fat (65 grams or less); others are minimums, as with carbohydrates (300 grams or more). The daily values on the label are based on a daily diet of 2,000 and 2,500 calories. Individuals should adjust the values to fit their own calorie intake.